

Public Law 95-188
95th Congress

An Act

To extend the authority for the flexible regulation of interest rates on deposits and accounts in depository institutions, to promote the accountability of the Federal Reserve System, and for other purposes.

Nov. 16, 1977
[H.R. 9710]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Depository
institutions.
Interest rate
controls,
extension.

TITLE I—REGULATION OF INTEREST RATES

SEC. 101. Section 7 of the Act of September 21, 1966 (Public Law 89-597), is amended by striking out "December 15, 1977" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 15, 1978".

12 USC 461 note.

TITLE II—AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL
RESERVE ACT

Federal Reserve
Reform Act of
1977.

SEC. 201. This title may be cited as the "Federal Reserve Reform Act of 1977".

12 USC 226
note.

CONGRESSIONAL-FEDERAL RESERVE DIALOG ON MONETARY POLICY

SEC. 202. Insert a new section 2A immediately after section 2 of the Federal Reserve Act to read as follows:

"GENERAL POLICY: CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW

"SEC. 2A. The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Federal Open Market Committee shall maintain long run growth of the monetary and credit aggregates commensurate with the economy's long run potential to increase production, so as to promote effectively the goals of maximum employment, stable prices, and moderate long-term interest rates. The Board of Governors shall consult with Congress at semiannual hearings before the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs of the House of Representatives about the Board of Governors' and the Federal Open Market Committee's objectives and plans with respect to the ranges of growth or diminution of monetary and credit aggregates for the upcoming twelve months, taking account of past and prospective developments in production, employment, and prices. Nothing in this Act shall be interpreted to require that such ranges of growth or diminution be achieved if the Board of Governors and the Federal Open Market Committee determine that they cannot or should not be achieved because of changing conditions."

12 USC 225a.

Semiannual
hearings before
congressional
committees.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

SEC. 202. The following paragraphs of section 4 of the Federal Reserve Act are amended:

(a) the tenth paragraph by inserting after the comma the following: "without discrimination on the basis of race, creed, color, sex, or national origin,".

12 USC 301
and note.
12 USC 302.

12 USC 302.

(b) the eleventh paragraph by striking all after "members," and substituting "who shall represent the public and shall be elected without discrimination on the basis of race, creed, color, sex, or national origin, and with due but not exclusive consideration to the interests of agriculture, commerce, industry, services, labor, and consumers."

12 USC 302.

(c) the twelfth paragraph by inserting immediately after the first sentence thereof the following sentence: "They shall be elected to represent the public, without discrimination on the basis of race, creed, color, sex, or national origin, and with due but not exclusive consideration to the interests of agriculture, commerce, industry, services, labor, and consumers."

SENATE CONFIRMATION OF CHAIRMAN AND VICE CHAIRMAN OF BOARD OF GOVERNORS

SEC. 204. (a) The third sentence of the second paragraph of section 10 of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 242) is amended to read as follows: "Of the persons thus appointed, one shall be designated by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to serve as Chairman of the Board for a term of four years, and one shall be designated by the President, by and with the consent of the Senate, to serve as Vice Chairman of the Board for a term of four years."

Effective date.

12 USC 242 note.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) takes effect on January 1, 1979, and applies to individuals who are designated by the President on or after such date to serve as Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

SEC. 205. (a) Subsection 208(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding "a Federal Reserve bank director, officer, or employee," immediately before "or of the District of Columbia".

(b) Subsection 208(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding the following new sentence at the end thereof: "In the case of class A and B directors of Federal Reserve banks, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System shall be the Government official responsible for appointment."

REFERENCES TO FEDERAL RESERVE ACT PARAGRAPHS

12 USC 226.

SEC. 206. References in this title to paragraphs of the Federal Reserve Act refer to the paragraphs as designated in the compilation of the Federal Reserve Act as amended through 1974, compiled under the direction of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in its legal division.

TITLE III—AMENDMENTS TO THE BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT OF 1956

Acquired shares,
disposition, time
extension.

SEC. 301. (a) Section 3(a) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842(a)) is amended by inserting after the second sentence the following new sentence: "The Board is authorized upon application by a bank to extend, from time to time for not more than

one year at a time, the two-year period referred to above for disposing of any shares acquired by a bank in the regular course of securing or collecting a debt previously contracted in good faith, if, in the Board's judgment, such an extension would not be detrimental to the public interest, but no such extension shall in the aggregate exceed three years."

(b) Section 2(a)(5)(D) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 1841(a)(5)(D)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The Board is authorized upon application by a company to extend, from time to time for not more than one year at a time, the two-year period referred to herein for disposing of any shares acquired by a company in the regular course of securing or collecting a debt previously contracted in good faith, if, in the Board's judgment, such an extension would not be detrimental to the public interest, but no such extension shall in the aggregate exceed three years."

(c) Section 4(c)(2) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1843(c)(2)), is amended by striking out "shares acquired by a bank in satisfaction of a debt previously contracted in good faith, but such bank shall dispose of such shares within a period of two years" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "shares acquired by a bank holding company or any of its subsidiaries in satisfaction of a debt previously contracted in good faith, but such shares shall be disposed of within a period of two years".

SEC. 302. Section 3(b) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Upon receiving from a company any application for approval under this section, the Board shall give notice to the Comptroller of the Currency, if the applicant company or any bank the voting shares or assets of which are sought to be required is a national banking association or a District bank, or to the appropriate supervisory authority of the interested State, if the applicant company or any bank the voting shares or assets of which are sought to be acquired is a State bank, in order to provide for the submission of the views and recommendations of the Comptroller of the Currency or the State supervisory authority, as the case may be. The views and recommendations shall be submitted within thirty calendar days of the date on which notice is given, or within ten calendar days of such date if the Board advises the Comptroller of the Currency or the State supervisory authority that an emergency exists requiring expeditious action. If the thirty-day notice period applies and if the Comptroller of the Currency or the State supervisory authority so notified by the Board disapproves the application in writing within this period, the Board shall forthwith give written notice of that fact to the applicant. Within three days after giving such notice to the applicant, the Board shall notify in writing the applicant and the disapproving authority of the date for commencement of a hearing by it on such application. Any such hearing shall be commenced not less than ten nor more than thirty days after the Board has given written notice to the applicant of the action of the disapproving authority. The length of any such hearing shall be determined by the Board, but it shall afford all interested parties a reasonable opportunity to testify at such hearing. At the conclusion thereof, the Board shall, by order, grant or deny the application on

Bank shares or assets, applications for acquisition. Notice to Comptroller of the Currency or State supervisory authority. Views and recommendations.

Disapproval.

Hearings.

Applications,
nonaction
deemed approval.

the basis of the record made at such hearing. In the event of the failure of the Board to act on any application for approval under this section within the ninety-one-day period which begins on the date of submission to the Board of the complete record on that application, the application shall be deemed to have been granted. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, if the Board finds that it must act immediately on any application for approval under this section in order to prevent the probable failure of a bank or bank holding company involved in a proposed acquisition, merger, or consolidation transaction, the Board may dispense with the notice requirements of this subsection, and if notice is given, the Board may request that the views and recommendations of the Comptroller of the Currency or the State supervisory authority, as the case may be, be submitted immediately in any form or by any means acceptable to the Board. If the Board has found pursuant to this subsection either that an emergency exists requiring expeditious action or that it must act immediately to prevent probable failure, the Board may grant or deny any such application without a hearing notwithstanding any recommended disapproval by the appropriate supervisory authority."

Acquisitions,
mergers, and
consolidations.
Notification to
Attorney
General.
12 USC 1842.

Sec. 303. Section 11(b) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1966 (12 U.S.C. 1849) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) The Board shall immediately notify the Attorney General of any approval by it pursuant to section 3 of a proposed acquisition, merger, or consolidation transaction. If the Board has found that it must act immediately in order to prevent the probable failure of a bank or bank holding company involved in any such transaction, the transaction may be consummated immediately upon approval by the Board. If the Board has advised the Comptroller of the Currency or the State supervisory authority, as the case may be, of the existence of an emergency requiring expeditious action and has required the submission of views and recommendations within ten days, the transaction may not be consummated before the fifth calendar day after the date of approval by the Board. In all other cases, the transaction may not be consummated before the thirtieth calendar day after the date of approval by the Board. Any action brought under the antitrust laws arising out of an acquisition, merger, or consolidation transaction approved under section 3 shall be commenced prior to the earliest time under this subsection at which the transaction approval under section 3 might be consummated. The commencement of such an action shall stay the effectiveness of the Board's approval unless the court shall otherwise specifically order. In any such action, the court shall review de novo the issues presented. In any judicial proceeding attacking any acquisition, merger, or consolidation transaction approved pursuant to section 3 on the ground that such transaction alone and of itself constituted a violation of any antitrust laws other than section 2 of the Act of July 2, 1890 (section 2 of the Sherman Antitrust Act, 15 U.S.C. 2), the standards applied by the court shall be identical with those that the Board is directed to apply under section 3 of this Act. Upon the consummation of an acquisition, merger, or consolidation transaction approved under section 3 in compliance with this Act and after the termination of any antitrust litigation commenced within the period prescribed in this section, or upon the termination of such period if no such litigation is

Antitrust actions.

Judicial
standards.

commenced therein, the transaction may not thereafter be attacked in any judicial proceeding on the ground that it alone and of itself constituted a violation of any antitrust laws other than section 2 of the Act of July 2, 1890 (section 2 of the Sherman Antitrust Act, 15 U.S.C. 2), but nothing in this Act shall exempt any bank holding company involved in such a transaction from complying with the antitrust laws after the consummation of such transaction.”.

Approved November 16, 1977.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY:

HOUSE REPORT No. 95-774 (Comm. on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 123 (1977):

Oct. 31, considered and passed House.

Nov. 1, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Nov. 2, House concurred in Senate amendment.